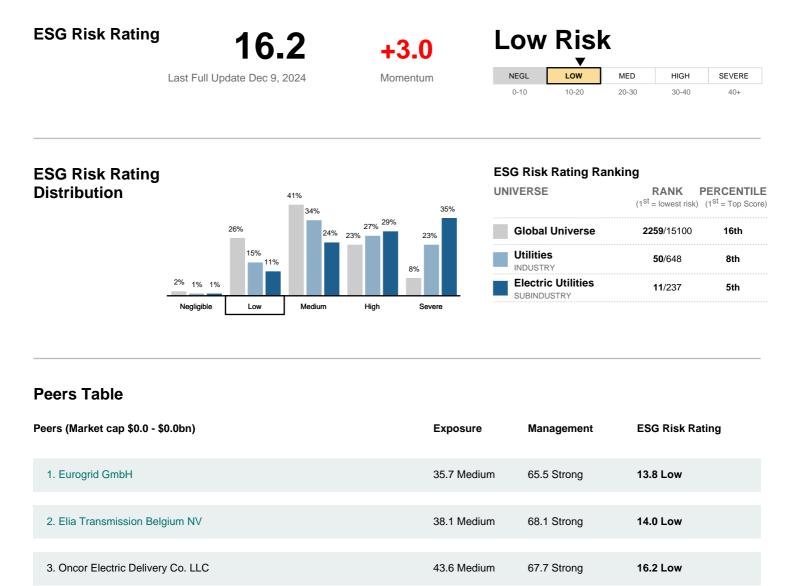
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4. Ausgrid Group

5. Elenia Oy

37.2 Medium

36.2 Medium

60.3 Strong

57.9 Strong

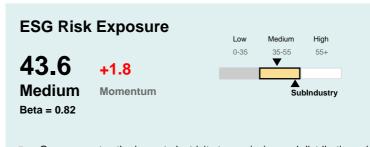
16.2 Low

16.5 Low

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ESG Risk Analysis

Exposure refers to the extent to which a company is exposed to different material ESG Issues. The exposure score takes into consideration subindustry and company-specific factors such as its business model.



Oncor operates the largest electricity transmission and distribution grid in Texas, with a network reaching 143,000 miles as of 2023. Its operations and future projects can directly or indirectly affect adjacent areas, potentially leading to community opposition. Mishandling of community relations can lead to project delays, fines or compensation. Its employees and contractors are exposed to potential health and safety incidents related to the construction, maintenance and expansion of its energy networks. Such incidents could materially impact the company's operations through disruptions, fines and litigation. In addition, as the biggest transmission and distribution provider in Texas, Oncor is exposed to increased service reliability risks. Inadequate management of its assets could result in service interruptions and lead to customer complaints and lawsuits, as well as brand damage.

The company's overall exposure is medium and is moderately below subindustry average. Community Relations, Occupational Health and Safety and Product Governance are notable material ESG issues.

Management refers to how well a company is managing its relevant ESG issues. The management score assesses the robustness of a company's ESG programs, practices, and policies.



Oncor established a board-level governance and sustainability committee to oversee its sustainability-related strategies and activities. However, its 2023 corporate sustainability overview is not written in accordance with GRI reporting standards, lagging behind best practice. Oncor has robust environmental and occupational health and safety management systems; its asset integrity and cybersecurity management programmes are also relatively strong. Nevertheless, these are not certified to industry-leading ISO standards. On a positive note, the company has a comprehensive community involvement programme, with all elements of a best practice programme in place.

The company's overall management of material ESG issues is strong.



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Material ESG Issues

These are the Material ESG Issues driving the ESG Risk Rating.

Issue Name	ESG Risk Exposure Score Category	ESG Risk Management Score Category	ESG Risk Rating Score Category	Contribution to ESG Risk Rating
Occupational Health and Safety	5.4 Medium	39.3 Average	3.5 Low	21.6%
Product Governance	5.5 Medium	70.7 Strong	2.0 Low	12.4%
Community Relations	6.8 Medium	82.3 Strong	1.8 Negligible	10.9%
Stakeholder Governance	5.0 Medium	67.1 Strong	1.6 Negligible	10.2%
Data Privacy and Cybersecurity	3.2 Low	61.2 Strong	1.6 Negligible	10.1%
Carbon -Own Operations	3.6 Low	57.9 Strong	1.5 Negligible	9.4%
Emissions, Effluents and Waste	2.8 Low	53.0 Strong	1.5 Negligible	9.1%
Human Capital	2.7 Low	59.4 Strong	1.2 Negligible	7.3%
Business Ethics	5.0 Medium	83.7 Strong	1.0 Negligible	6.3%
Land Use and Biodiversity	3.6 Low	87.1 Strong	0.5 Negligible	2.9%
Overall	43.6 Medium	67.7 Strong	16.2 Low	100.0%

Events Overview

Identify events that may negatively impact stakeholders, the environment, or the company's operations.

4	High ((D)		
\$	Severe	e (0)		
Ca	tegory	(Events)		

- ▲ Significant (0)
- \land Moderate (0)
- \land Low (1)

Quality and Safety



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Events Overview

Identify events that may negatively impact stakeholders, the environment, or the company's operations.

Category (Events)

M None (17)

Access to Basic Services

Anti-Competitive Practices

Business Ethics

Data Privacy and Security

Energy Use and GHG Emissions

Labour Relations

Lobbying and Public Policy

Occupational Health and Safety

Society - Human Rights

Accounting and Taxation

Bribery and Corruption

Community Relations

Emissions, Effluents and Waste

Intellectual Property

Land Use and Biodiversity

Marketing Practices

Sanctions



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Risk Decomposition

Exposure Company Exposure	43.6	The company's sensitivity or vulnerability to ESG risks.
Management		
Manageable Risk	40.5	Material ESG risk that can be influenced and managed through suitable policies, programmes and initiatives.
Managed Risk	27.4	Material ESG risk that has been managed by a company through suitable policies, programmes or initiatives.
Management Gap	13.1	Measures the difference between material ESG risk that could be managed by the company and what the company is managing.
Unmanageable Risk	3.1	 Material ESG risk inherent in the products or services of a company and/or the nature of a company's business, which cannot be managed by the company.
ESG Risk Rating		
Overall Unmanaged Risk	16.2	Material ESG risk that has not been managed by a company, and includes two types of risk: unmanageable risk, as well as risks that could be managed by a company through suitable initiatives but which may not yet be managed.

Momentum Details





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GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Beta (Beta, β)

A factor that assesses the degree to which a company's exposure deviates from its subindustry's exposure on a material ESG issue. It is used to derive a companyspecific issue exposure score for a material ESG issue. It ranges from 0 to 10, with 0 indicating no exposure, 1 indicating the subindustry average, and 10 indicating exposure that is ten times the subindustry average.

ESG Risk Category

Companies' ESG Risk Rating scores are assigned to five ESG risk categories in the ESG Risk Rating:



Negligible risk: enterprise value is considered to have a negligible risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

Low risk: enterprise value is considered to have a low risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

Medium risk: enterprise value is considered to have a medium risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

High risk: enterprise value is considered to have a high risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

Severe risk: enterprise value is considered to have a severe risk of material financial impacts driven by ESG factors

Note that because ESG risks materialize at an unknown time in the future and depend on a variety of unpredictable conditions, no predictions on financial or share price impacts, or on the time horizon of such impacts, are intended or implied by these risk categories.

ESG Risk Rating Score (Unmanaged Risk Score)

The company's final score in the ESG Risk Rating; it applies the concept of risk decomposition to derive the level of unmanaged risk for a company.

Event Category

Sustainalytics categorizes events that have resulted in negative ESG impacts into five event categories: Category 1 (low impact); Category 2 (moderate impact); Category 3 (significant impact); Category 4 (high impact); and Category 5 (severe impact).

Event Indicator

An indicator that provides a signal about a potential failure of management through involvement in controversies.

Excess Exposure

The difference between the company's exposure and its subindustry exposure.

Exposure

A company or subindustry's sensitivity or vulnerability to ESG risks.

Idiosyncratic Issue

An issue that was not deemed material at the subindustry level during the consultation process but becomes a material ESG issue for a company based on the occurrence of a Category 4 or 5 event.

Manageable Risk

Material ESG risk that can be influenced and managed through suitable policies, programmes and initiatives.

Managed Risk

Material ESG Risk that has been managed by a company through suitable policies, programmes and initiatives.

Management

A company's handling of ESG risks.

Management Gap

Refers to the difference between what a company has managed and what a company could possibly manage. It indicates how far the company's performance is from best practice.

Management Indicator

An indicator that provides a signal about a company's management of an ESG issue through policies, programmes or quantitative performance.

Material ESG Issue

A core building block of the ESG Risk Rating. An ESG issue is considered to be material within the rating if it is likely to have a significant effect on the enterprise value of a typical company within a given subindustry.

Subindustry

Subindustries are defined as part of Sustainalytics' own classification system.

Unmanageable Risk

Material ESG Risk inherent from the intrinsic nature of the products or services of a company and/or the nature of a company's business, which cannot be managed by the company if the company continues to offer the same type of products or services and remains in the same line of business.

Unmanaged Risk

Material ESG risk that has not been managed by a company, and includes two types of risk: **unmanageable risk**, as well as risks that could be managed by a company through suitable initiatives, but which may not yet be managed (management gap).



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